

Gelder SansType Family

Gelder Sans is a modern sans-serif typeface inspired by the iconic Frutiger. This typeface pays homage to family heritage while nodding to the rich tradition of Dutch type design. Gelder Sans fits differently than the grotesque or humanist style but instead takes the best elements from both. It ensures high readability and a friendly appearance with its organic shapes, open apertures, and uniform stroke widths. Gelder Sans is perfect for various applications, from digital interfaces to printed materials.

RELEASED

2011 (V1.0), 2024 (V2.0)

DESIGNERJONATHAN HILL

JONATTANTILL

16 STYLES

8 WEIGHTS + ITALICS

CLASSIFICATION

SANS-SERIF

FORMATS

OTF, TTF, WOFF, WOFF 2

GLYPHS

1028 PER FONT

OPENTYPE FEATURES

ACCESS ALL ALTERNATES CAPITAL SPACING CASE-SENSITIVE FORMS **DENOMINATORS DISCRETIONARY LIGATURES FRACTIONS** LINING FIGURES LOCALISED FORMS NUMERATORS OLDSTYLE FIGURES **ORDINALS** PROPORTIONAL FIGURES SCIENTIFIC INFERIORS SMALL CAPITALS STANDARD LIGATURES STYLISTIC ALTERNATES SUBSCRIPT SUPERSCRIPT TABULAR FIGURES

SUPPORTED LANGUAGES

AFRIKAANS, ALBANIAN, ASTURIAN, ASU, BASQUE, BEMBA, BENA, BOSNIAN, CATALAN, CEBUANO, CHI-GA, COLOGNIAN, CORNISH, CORSICAN, CROATIAN, CZECH, DANISH, DUTCH, EMBU, ENGLISH, ESPE-RANTO, ESTONIAN, FAROESE, FILIPINO, FINNISH, FRENCH, FRIULIAN, GALICIAN, GANDA, GERMAN, GUSII, HUNGARIAN, ICELANDIC, IDO, IGBO, INARI SAMI, INDONESIAN, INTERLINGUA, IRISH, ITALIAN, JAVANESE, JJU, JOLA-FONYI, KABUVERDIANU, KALAALLISUT, KALENJIN, KAMBA, KIKUYU, KINYAR-WANDA, KURDISH, LATVIAN, LITHUANIAN, LOJBAN, LOW GERMAN, LOWER SORBIAN, LUO, LUXEM-BOURGISH, LUYIA, MACHAME, MAKHUWA-MEETTO. MAKONDE, MALAGASY, MALAY, MALTESE, MANX, MĀORI, MERU, MORISYEN, NIGERIAN PIDGIN, NORTH NDEBELE, NORTHERN SAMI, NORTHERN SOTHO, NORWEGIAN BOKMÅL, NORWEGIAN NYNORSK, NYANJA, NYANKOLE, OCCITAN, OROMO, POLISH, PORTUGUESE, ROMANIAN, ROMANSH, ROMBO RUNDI, RWA, SAMBURU, SANGO, SANGU, SARDINI-AN, SCOTTISH GAELIC, SENA, SHAMBALA, SHONA, SICILIAN, SLOVAK, SLOVENIAN, SOGA, SOMALI, SOUTH NDEBELE, SOUTHERN SOTHO, SPANISH, SUNDANESE, SWAHILI, SWATI, SWEDISH, SWISS GERMAN, TAITA, TAROKO, TESO, TSONGA, TSWANA, TURKISH TURKMEN TYAP UPPER SORBIAN VENDA VIETNAMESE, VUNJO, WALLOON, WALSER, WELSH. WESTERN FRISIAN, WOLOF, XHOSA, ZULU



GELDER SANS COMPLETE FAMILY

Gelder Sans Thin Gelder Sans Thin Italic Gelder Sans Light Gelder Sans Light Italic Gelder Sans Book Gelder Sans Book Italic Gelder Sans Regular Gelder Sans Regular Italic **Gelder Sans Medium** Gelder Sans Medium Italic **Gelder Sans Bold** Gelder Sans Bold Italic Gelder Sans ExtraBold Gelder Sans ExtraBold Italic **Gelder Sans Black** Gelder Sans Black Italic



GELDER SANS THIN

Encouragement

GELDER SANS LIGHT

Hydrodynamics

GELDER SANS BOOK

Meteorologists

GELDER SANS REGULAR

Thermosphere

GELDER SANS MEDIUM

Communicates

GELDER SANS BOLD

Simplifications

GELDER SANS EXTRABOLD

Differentiated

GELDER SANS BLACK

Amphitheatre



GELDER SANS THIN ITALIC

Complemented

GELDER SANS LIGHT ITALIC

Questionnaires

GELDER SANS BOOK ITALIC

Superstructure

GELDER SANS REGULAR ITALIC

Organisational

GELDER SANS MEDIUM ITALIC

Demonstrated

GELDER SANS BOLD ITALIC

Monumentally

GELDER SANS EXTRABOLD ITALIC

Expressionists

GELDER SANS BLACK ITALIC

Trigonometric



GELDER SANS THIN

ALPHABETISED

GELDER SANS LIGHT

MAINTENANCE

GELDER SANS BOOK

INTERSECTION

GELDER SANS REGULAR

SPONSORSHIP

GELDER SANS MEDIUM

LENGTHENING

GELDER SANS BOLD

THROUGHOUT

GELDER SANS EXTRABOLD

DASHBOARDS

GELDER SANS BLACK

EXPORTATION



Gelder Sans thin Italic

REPLACEMENT

Gelder Sans Light Italic

TECTONICALLY

Gelder Sans Book Italic

CONTROLLERS

Gelder Sans Regular Italia

EXHIBITIONIST

Gelder Sans Medium Italic

RECEIVERSHIP

Gelder Sans Bold Italic

MOTHERWELL

Gelder Sans Extrabold Italic

DISCREPANCY

Gelder Sans black Italic

INSCRIPTIONS



GELDER SANS THIN 24/27

Apart from its intrinsic value as a remarkable survival of an ancient and astonishingly beautiful work of art, the manuscript displays a unique combination of artistic styles that reflects a crucial period in England's history. Christianity first came to Britain under the Romans, but subsequent waves of invasion by non-Christian Saxons, Angles, and Vikings drove the faith to the fringes of the British Isles. The country was gradually re-converted from 597, after St Augustine

GELDER SANS THIN ITALIC 24/27

Apart from its intrinsic value as a remarkable survival of an ancient and astonishingly beautiful work of art, the manuscript displays a unique combination of artistic styles that reflects a crucial period in England's history. Christianity first came to Britain under the Romans, but subsequent waves of invasion by non-Christian Saxons, Angles, and Vikings drove the faith to the fringes of the British Isles. The country was gradually re-converted from



GELDER SANS THIN 18/21

Apart from its intrinsic value as a remarkable survival of an ancient and astonishingly beautiful work of art, the manuscript displays a unique combination of artistic styles that reflects a crucial period in England's history. Christianity first came to Britain under the Romans, but subsequent waves of invasion by non-Christian Saxons, Angles, and Vikings drove the faith to the fringes of the British Isles. The country was gradually re-converted from 597, after St Augustine arrived from Rome to con-

GELDER SANS THIN 15/18

Apart from its intrinsic value as a remarkable survival of an ancient and astonishingly beautiful work of art, the manuscript displays a unique combination of artistic styles that reflects a crucial period in England's history. Christianity first came to Britain under the Romans, but subsequent waves of invasion by non-Christian Saxons, Angles, and Vikings drove the faith to the fringes of the British Isles. The country was gradually re-converted from 597, after St Augustine arrived from Rome to convert the pagan 'Angles into angels'. Reli-gious differences between the indigenous 'Celtic' Church and the new 'Roman' Church were settled at the Synod of Whitby in 664.

GELDER SANS THIN 12/15

Apart from its intrinsic value as a remarkable survival of an ancient and astonishingly beautiful work of art, the manuscript displays a unique combination of artistic styles that reflects a crucial period in England's history. Christianity first came to Britain under the Romans, but subsequent waves of invasion by non-Christian Saxons, Angles, and Vikings drove the faith to the fringes of the British Isles. The country was gradually re-converted from 597, after St Augustine arrived from Rome to convert the pagan 'Angles into angels'. Religious differences between the indigenous 'Celtic' Church and the new 'Roman' Church were settled at the Synod of Whitby in 664. In the manuscript, native Celtic and Anglo-Saxon elements blend with Roman, Coptic and Eastern traditions to create a sublimely unified artistic vision of the cultural melting pot of Northumbria in the seventh and eighth centuries. The Lindisfarne Gospels, and others like it, helped define the growing sense of 'Englishness' — a spirit of consolidated by the



GELDER SANS THIN ITALIC 18/21

Apart from its intrinsic value as a remarkable survival of an ancient and astonishingly beautiful work of art, the manuscript displays a unique combination of artistic styles that reflects a crucial period in England's history. Christianity first came to Britain under the Romans, but subsequent waves of invasion by non-Christian Saxons, Angles, and Vikings drove the faith to the fringes of the British Isles. The country was gradually re-converted from 597, after St Augustine arrived from Rome

GELDER SANS THIN ITALIC 15/18

Apart from its intrinsic value as a remarkable survival of an ancient and astonishingly beautiful work of art, the manuscript displays a unique combination of artistic styles that reflects a crucial period in England's history. Christianity first came to Britain under the Romans, but subsequent waves of invasion by non-Christian Saxons, Angles, and Vikings drove the faith to the fringes of the British Isles. The country was gradually re-converted from 597, after St Augustine arrived from Rome to convert the pagan 'Angles into angels'. Reli-gious differences between the indigenous 'Celtic' Church and the new 'Roman' Church were settled at the Synod of Whitby in

GELDER SANS THIN ITALIC 12/15

Apart from its intrinsic value as a remarkable survival of an ancient and astonishingly beautiful work of art, the manuscript displays a unique combination of artistic styles that reflects a crucial period in England's history. Christianity first came to Britain under the Romans, but subsequent waves of invasion by non-Christian Saxons, Angles, and Vikings drove the faith to the fringes of the British Isles. The country was gradually re-converted from 597, after St Augustine arrived from Rome to convert the pagan 'Angles into angels'. Religious differences between the indigenous 'Celtic' Church and the new 'Roman' Church were settled at the Synod of Whitby in 664. In the manuscript, native Celtic and Anglo-Saxon elements blend with Roman, Coptic and Eastern traditions to create a sublimely unified artistic vision of the cultural melting pot of Northumbria in the seventh and eighth centuries. The Lindisfarne Gospels, and others like it, helped define the growing sense of 'Englishness' — a spirit



GELDER SANS LIGHT 24/27

Apart from its intrinsic value as a remarkable survival of an ancient and astonishingly beautiful work of art, the manuscript displays a unique combination of artistic styles that reflects a crucial period in England's history. Christianity first came to Britain under the Romans, but subsequent waves of invasion by non-Christian Saxons, Angles, and Vikings drove the faith to the fringes of the British Isles. The country was gradually re-converted from

GELDER SANS LIGHT ITALIC 24/27

Apart from its intrinsic value as a remarkable survival of an ancient and astonishingly beautiful work of art, the manuscript displays a unique combination of artistic styles that reflects a crucial period in England's history. Christianity first came to Britain under the Romans, but subsequent waves of invasion by non-Christian Saxons, Angles, and Vikings drove the faith to the fringes of the British Isles. The country was gradually



GELDER SANS LIGHT 18/21

Apart from its intrinsic value as a remarkable survival of an ancient and astonishingly beautiful work of art, the manuscript displays a unique combination of artistic styles that reflects a crucial period in England's history. Christianity first came to Britain under the Romans, but subsequent waves of invasion by non-Christian Saxons, Angles, and Vikings drove the faith to the fringes of the British Isles. The country was gradually re-converted from 597, after St Augustine arrived from Rome to con-

GELDER SANS LIGHT 15/18

Apart from its intrinsic value as a remarkable survival of an ancient and astonishingly beautiful work of art, the manuscript displays a unique combination of artistic styles that reflects a crucial period in England's history. Christianity first came to Britain under the Romans, but subsequent waves of invasion by non-Christian Saxons, Angles, and Vikings drove the faith to the fringes of the British Isles. The country was gradually re-converted from 597, after St Augustine arrived from Rome to convert the pagan 'Angles into angels'. Religious differences between the indigenous 'Celtic' Church and the new 'Roman' Church were settled at the Synod of

GELDER SANS LIGHT 12/15

Apart from its intrinsic value as a remarkable survival of an ancient and astonishingly beautiful work of art, the manuscript displays a unique combination of artistic styles that reflects a crucial period in England's history. Christianity first came to Britain under the Romans, but subsequent waves of invasion by non-Christian Saxons, Angles, and Vikings drove the faith to the fringes of the British Isles. The country was gradually re-converted from 597, after St Augustine arrived from Rome to convert the pagan 'Angles into angels'. Religious differences between the indigenous 'Celtic' Church and the new 'Roman' Church were settled at the Synod of Whitby in 664. In the manuscript, native Celtic and Anglo-Saxon elements blend with Roman, Coptic and Eastern traditions to create a sublimely unified artistic vision of the cultural melting pot of Northumbria in the seventh and eighth centuries. The Lindisfarne Gospels, and others like it, helped define the growing sense of 'Englishness' — a spirit



GELDER SANS LIGHT ITALIC 18/21

Apart from its intrinsic value as a remarkable survival of an ancient and astonishingly beautiful work of art, the manuscript displays a unique combination of artistic styles that reflects a crucial period in England's history. Christianity first came to Britain under the Romans, but subsequent waves of invasion by non-Christian Saxons, Angles, and Vikings drove the faith to the fringes of the British Isles. The country was gradually re-converted from 597, after St Augustine arrived from

GELDER SANS LIGHT ITALIC 15/18

Apart from its intrinsic value as a remarkable survival of an ancient and astonishingly beautiful work of art, the manuscript displays a unique combination of artistic styles that reflects a crucial period in England's history. Christianity first came to Britain under the Romans, but subsequent waves of invasion by non-Christian Saxons, Angles, and Vikings drove the faith to the fringes of the British Isles. The country was gradually re-converted from 597, after St Augustine arrived from Rome to convert the pagan 'Angles into angels'. Religious differences between the indigenous 'Celtic' Church and the new 'Roman' Church were settled at the

GELDER SANS LIGHT ITALIC 12/15

Apart from its intrinsic value as a remarkable survival of an ancient and astonishingly beautiful work of art, the manuscript displays a unique combination of artistic styles that reflects a crucial period in England's history. Christianity first came to Britain under the Romans, but subsequent waves of invasion by non-Christian Saxons, Angles, and Vikings drove the faith to the fringes of the British Isles. The country was gradually re-converted from 597, after St Augustine arrived from Rome to convert the pagan 'Angles into angels'. Religious differences between the indigenous 'Celtic' Church and the new 'Roman' Church were settled at the Synod of Whitby in 664. In the manuscript, native Celtic and Anglo-Saxon elements blend with Roman, Coptic and Eastern traditions to create a sublimely unified artistic vision of the cultural melting pot of Northumbria in the seventh and eighth centuries. The Lindisfarne Gospels, and others like it, helped define the growing sense



GELDER SANS BOOK 24/27

Apart from its intrinsic value as a remarkable survival of an ancient and astonishingly beautiful work of art, the manuscript displays a unique combination of artistic styles that reflects a crucial period in England's history. Christianity first came to Britain under the Romans, but subsequent waves of invasion by non-Christian Saxons, Angles, and Vikings drove the faith to the fringes of the British Isles. The country was gradually

GELDER SANS BOOK ITALIC 24/27

Apart from its intrinsic value as a remarkable survival of an ancient and astonishingly beautiful work of art, the manuscript displays a unique combination of artistic styles that reflects a crucial period in England's history. Christianity first came to Britain under the Romans, but subsequent waves of invasion by non-Christian Saxons, Angles, and Vikings drove the faith to the fringes of the British Isles. The country was gradually



GELDER SANS BOOK 18/21

Apart from its intrinsic value as a remarkable survival of an ancient and astonishingly beautiful work of art, the manuscript displays a unique combination of artistic styles that reflects a crucial period in England's history. Christianity first came to Britain under the Romans, but subsequent waves of invasion by non-Christian Saxons, Angles, and Vikings drove the faith to the fringes of the British Isles. The country was gradually re-converted from 597, after St Augustine

GELDER SANS BOOK 15/18

Apart from its intrinsic value as a remarkable survival of an ancient and astonishingly beautiful work of art, the manuscript displays a unique combination of artistic styles that reflects a crucial period in England's history. Christianity first came to Britain under the Romans, but subsequent waves of invasion by non-Christian Saxons, Angles, and Vikings drove the faith to the fringes of the British Isles. The country was gradually re-converted from 597, after St Augustine arrived from Rome to convert the pagan 'Angles into angels'. Religious differences between the indigenous 'Celtic' Church and the new 'Roman'

GELDER SANS BOOK 12/15

Apart from its intrinsic value as a remarkable survival of an ancient and astonishingly beautiful work of art, the manuscript displays a unique combination of artistic styles that reflects a crucial period in England's history. Christianity first came to Britain under the Romans, but subsequent waves of invasion by non-Christian Saxons, Angles, and Vikings drove the faith to the fringes of the British Isles. The country was gradually re-converted from 597, after St Augustine arrived from Rome to convert the pagan 'Angles into angels'. Religious differences between the indigenous 'Celtic' Church and the new 'Roman' Church were settled at the Synod of Whitby in 664. In the manuscript, native Celtic and Anglo-Saxon elements blend with Roman, Coptic and Eastern traditions to create a sublimely unified artistic vision of the cultural melting pot of Northumbria in the seventh and eighth centuries. The Lindisfarne Gospels, and others like it, helped define the growing sense



GELDER SANS BOOK ITALIC 18/21

Apart from its intrinsic value as a remarkable survival of an ancient and astonishingly beautiful work of art, the manuscript displays a unique combination of artistic styles that reflects a crucial period in England's history. Christianity first came to Britain under the Romans, but subsequent waves of invasion by non-Christian Saxons, Angles, and Vikings drove the faith to the fringes of the British Isles. The country was gradually re-converted from 597, after St Augustine

GELDER SANS BOOK ITALIC 15/18

Apart from its intrinsic value as a remarkable survival of an ancient and astonishingly beautiful work of art, the manuscript displays a unique combination of artistic styles that reflects a crucial period in England's history. Christianity first came to Britain under the Romans, but subsequent waves of invasion by non-Christian Saxons, Angles, and Vikings drove the faith to the fringes of the British Isles. The country was gradually re-converted from 597, after St Augustine arrived from Rome to convert the pagan 'Angles into angels'. Religious differences between the indigenous 'Celtic' Church and the new 'Roman'

GELDER SANS BOOK ITALIC 12/15

Apart from its intrinsic value as a remarkable survival of an ancient and astonishingly beautiful work of art, the manuscript displays a unique combination of artistic styles that reflects a crucial period in England's history. Christianity first came to Britain under the Romans, but subsequent waves of invasion by non-Christian Saxons, Angles, and Vikings drove the faith to the fringes of the British Isles. The country was gradually re-converted from 597, after St Augustine arrived from Rome to convert the pagan 'Angles into angels'. Religious differences between the indigenous 'Celtic' Church and the new 'Roman' Church were settled at the Synod of Whitby in 664. In the manuscript, native Celtic and Anglo-Saxon elements blend with Roman, Coptic and Eastern traditions to create a sublimely unified artistic vision of the cultural melting pot of Northumbria in the seventh and eighth centuries. The Lindisfarne Gospels, and others like it, helped define the



GELDER SANS REGULAR 24/27

Apart from its intrinsic value as a remarkable survival of an ancient and astonishingly beautiful work of art, the manuscript displays a unique combination of artistic styles that reflects a crucial period in England's history. Christianity first came to Britain under the Romans, but subsequent waves of invasion by non-Christian Saxons, Angles, and Vikings drove the faith to the fringes of the British Isles. The country was gradu-

GELDER SANS REGULAR ITALIC 24/27

Apart from its intrinsic value as a remarkable survival of an ancient and astonishingly beautiful work of art, the manuscript displays a unique combination of artistic styles that reflects a crucial period in England's history. Christianity first came to Britain under the Romans, but subsequent waves of invasion by non-Christian Saxons, Angles, and Vikings drove the faith to the fringes of the British Isles. The country



GELDER SANS REGULAR 18/21

Apart from its intrinsic value as a remarkable survival of an ancient and astonishingly beautiful work of art, the manuscript displays a unique combination of artistic styles that reflects a crucial period in England's history. Christianity first came to Britain under the Romans, but subsequent waves of invasion by non-Christian Saxons, Angles, and Vikings drove the faith to the fringes of the British Isles. The country was gradually re-converted from 597, after St Augus-

GELDER SANS REGULAR 15/18

Apart from its intrinsic value as a remarkable survival of an ancient and astonishingly beautiful work of art, the manuscript displays a unique combination of artistic styles that reflects a crucial period in England's history. Christianity first came to Britain under the Romans, but subsequent waves of invasion by non-Christian Saxons, Angles, and Vikings drove the faith to the fringes of the British Isles. The country was gradually re-converted from 597, after St Augustine arrived from Rome to convert the pagan 'Angles into angels'. Religious differences between the indigenous 'Celtic' Church and the new 'Roman'

GELDER SANS REGULAR 12/15

Apart from its intrinsic value as a remarkable survival of an ancient and astonishingly beautiful work of art, the manuscript displays a unique combination of artistic styles that reflects a crucial period in England's history. Christianity first came to Britain under the Romans, but subsequent waves of invasion by non-Christian Saxons, Angles, and Vikings drove the faith to the fringes of the British Isles. The country was gradually re-converted from 597, after St Augustine arrived from Rome to convert the pagan 'Angles into angels'. Religious differences between the indigenous 'Celtic' Church and the new 'Roman' Church were settled at the Synod of Whitby in 664. In the manuscript, native Celtic and Anglo-Saxon elements blend with Roman, Coptic and Eastern traditions to create a sublimely unified artistic vision of the cultural melting pot of Northumbria in the seventh and eighth centuries. The Lindisfarne Gospels, and others



GELDER SANS REGULAR ITALIC 18/21

Apart from its intrinsic value as a remarkable survival of an ancient and astonishingly beautiful work of art, the manuscript displays a unique combination of artistic styles that reflects a crucial period in England's history. Christianity first came to Britain under the Romans, but subsequent waves of invasion by non-Christian Saxons, Angles, and Vikings drove the faith to the fringes of the British Isles. The country was gradually re-converted from 597, after St Augus-

GELDER SANS REGULAR ITALIC 15/18

Apart from its intrinsic value as a remarkable survival of an ancient and astonishingly beautiful work of art, the manuscript displays a unique combination of artistic styles that reflects a crucial period in England's history. Christianity first came to Britain under the Romans, but subsequent waves of invasion by non-Christian Saxons, Angles, and Vikings drove the faith to the fringes of the British Isles. The country was gradually re-converted from 597, after St Augustine arrived from Rome to convert the pagan 'Angles into angels'. Religious differences between the indigenous 'Celtic' Church and the new 'Roman'

GELDER SANS REGULAR ITALIC 12/15

Apart from its intrinsic value as a remarkable survival of an ancient and astonishingly beautiful work of art, the manuscript displays a unique combination of artistic styles that reflects a crucial period in England's history. Christianity first came to Britain under the Romans, but subsequent waves of invasion by non-Christian Saxons, Angles, and Vikings drove the faith to the fringes of the British Isles. The country was gradually re-converted from 597, after St Augustine arrived from Rome to convert the pagan 'Angles into angels'. Religious differences between the indigenous 'Celtic' Church and the new 'Roman' Church were settled at the Synod of Whitby in 664. In the manuscript, native Celtic and Anglo-Saxon elements blend with Roman, Coptic and Eastern traditions to create a sublimely unified artistic vision of the cultural melting pot of Northumbria in the seventh and eighth centuries. The Lindisfarne Gospels, and



GELDER SANS MEDIUM 24/27

Apart from its intrinsic value as a remarkable survival of an ancient and astonishingly beautiful work of art, the manuscript displays a unique combination of artistic styles that reflects a crucial period in England's history. Christianity first came to Britain under the Romans, but subsequent waves of invasion by non-Christian Saxons, Angles, and Vikings drove the faith to the fringes of the British Isles.

GELDER SANS MEDILIM ITALIC 24/27

Apart from its intrinsic value as a remarkable survival of an ancient and astonishingly beautiful work of art, the manuscript displays a unique combination of artistic styles that reflects a crucial period in England's history. Christianity first came to Britain under the Romans, but subsequent waves of invasion by non-Christian Saxons, Angles, and Vikings drove the faith to the fringes of the British Isles.



GELDER SANS MEDIUM 18/21

Apart from its intrinsic value as a remarkable survival of an ancient and astonishingly beautiful work of art, the manuscript displays a unique combination of artistic styles that reflects a crucial period in England's history. Christianity first came to Britain under the Romans, but subsequent waves of invasion by non-Christian Saxons, Angles, and Vikings drove the faith to the fringes of the British Isles. The country was gradually re-converted from 597, after St Augus-

GELDER SANS MEDIUM 15/18

Apart from its intrinsic value as a remarkable survival of an ancient and astonishingly beautiful work of art, the manuscript displays a unique combination of artistic styles that reflects a crucial period in England's history. Christianity first came to Britain under the Romans, but subsequent waves of invasion by non-Christian Saxons, Angles, and Vikings drove the faith to the fringes of the British Isles. The country was gradually re-converted from 597, after St Augustine arrived from Rome to convert the pagan 'Angles into angels'. Religious differences between the indigenous 'Celtic' Church and the new 'Roman'

GELDER SANS MEDIUM 12/15

Apart from its intrinsic value as a remarkable survival of an ancient and astonishingly beautiful work of art, the manuscript displays a unique combination of artistic styles that reflects a crucial period in England's history. Christianity first came to Britain under the Romans, but subsequent waves of invasion by non-Christian Saxons, Angles, and Vikings drove the faith to the fringes of the British Isles. The country was gradually re-converted from 597, after St Augustine arrived from Rome to convert the pagan 'Angles into angels'. Religious differences between the indigenous 'Celtic' Church and the new 'Roman' Church were settled at the Synod of Whitby in 664. In the manuscript, native Celtic and Anglo-Saxon elements blend with Roman, Coptic and Eastern traditions to create a sublimely unified artistic vision of the cultural melting pot of Northumbria in the seventh and eighth centuries. The Lindisfarne Gospels, and



GELDER SANS MEDIUM ITALIC 18/21

Apart from its intrinsic value as a remarkable survival of an ancient and astonishingly beautiful work of art, the manuscript displays a unique combination of artistic styles that reflects a crucial period in England's history. Christianity first came to Britain under the Romans, but subsequent waves of invasion by non-Christian Saxons, Angles, and Vikings drove the faith to the fringes of the British Isles. The country was gradually re-converted from 597, after St

GELDER SANS MEDIUM ITALIC 15/18

Apart from its intrinsic value as a remarkable survival of an ancient and astonishingly beautiful work of art, the manuscript displays a unique combination of artistic styles that reflects a crucial period in England's history. Christianity first came to Britain under the Romans, but subsequent waves of invasion by non-Christian Saxons, Angles, and Vikings drove the faith to the fringes of the British Isles. The country was gradually re-converted from 597, after St Augustine arrived from Rome to convert the pagan 'Angles into angels'. Religious differences between the indigenous 'Celtic' Church and the new 'Roman'

GELDER SANS MEDIUM ITALIC 12/15

Apart from its intrinsic value as a remarkable survival of an ancient and astonishingly beautiful work of art, the manuscript displays a unique combination of artistic styles that reflects a crucial period in England's history. Christianity first came to Britain under the Romans, but subsequent waves of invasion by non-Christian Saxons, Angles, and Vikings drove the faith to the fringes of the British Isles. The country was gradually re-converted from 597, after St Augustine arrived from Rome to convert the pagan 'Angles into angels'. Religious differences between the indigenous 'Celtic' Church and the new 'Roman' Church were settled at the Synod of Whitby in 664. In the manuscript, native Celtic and Anglo-Saxon elements blend with Roman, Coptic and Eastern traditions to create a sublimely unified artistic vision of the cultural melting pot of Northumbria in the seventh and eighth centuries. The Lindisfarne Gospels, and others



GELDER SANS BOLD 24/27

Apart from its intrinsic value as a remarkable survival of an ancient and astonishingly beautiful work of art, the manuscript displays a unique combination of artistic styles that reflects a crucial period in England's history. Christianity first came to Britain under the Romans, but subsequent waves of invasion by non-Christian Saxons, Angles, and Vikings drove the faith to the fringes of the British Isles.

GELDER SANS BOLD ITALIC 24/27

Apart from its intrinsic value as a remarkable survival of an ancient and astonishingly beautiful work of art, the manuscript displays a unique combination of artistic styles that reflects a crucial period in England's history. Christianity first came to Britain under the Romans, but subsequent waves of invasion by non-Christian Saxons, Angles, and Vikings drove the faith to the fringes of the British Isles.



GELDER SANS BOLD 18/21

Apart from its intrinsic value as a remarkable survival of an ancient and astonishingly beautiful work of art, the manuscript displays a unique combination of artistic styles that reflects a crucial period in England's history. Christianity first came to Britain under the Romans, but subsequent waves of invasion by non-Christian Saxons, Angles, and Vikings drove the faith to the fringes of the British Isles. The country was gradually re-converted from 597, after St

GELDER SANS BOLD 15/18

Apart from its intrinsic value as a remarkable survival of an ancient and astonishingly beautiful work of art, the manuscript displays a unique combination of artistic styles that reflects a crucial period in England's history. Christianity first came to Britain under the Romans, but subsequent waves of invasion by non-Christian Saxons, Angles, and Vikings drove the faith to the fringes of the British Isles. The country was gradually re-converted from 597, after St Augustine arrived from Rome to convert the pagan 'Angles into angels'. Religious differences between the indigenous 'Celtic' Church and the new 'Roman'

GELDER SANS BOLD 12/15

Apart from its intrinsic value as a remarkable survival of an ancient and astonishingly beautiful work of art, the manuscript displays a unique combination of artistic styles that reflects a crucial period in England's history. Christianity first came to Britain under the Romans, but subsequent waves of invasion by non-Christian Saxons, Angles, and Vikings drove the faith to the fringes of the British Isles. The country was gradually re-converted from 597, after St Augustine arrived from Rome to convert the pagan 'Angles into angels'. Religious differences between the indigenous 'Celtic' Church and the new 'Roman' Church were settled at the Synod of Whitby in 664. In the manuscript, native Celtic and Anglo-Saxon elements blend with Roman, Coptic and Eastern traditions to create a sublimely unified artistic vision of the cultural melting pot of Northumbria in the seventh and eighth centuries. The Lindisfarne Gos-



GELDER SANS BOLD ITALIC 18/21

Apart from its intrinsic value as a remarkable survival of an ancient and astonishingly beautiful work of art, the manuscript displays a unique combination of artistic styles that reflects a crucial period in England's history. Christianity first came to Britain under the Romans, but subsequent waves of invasion by non-Christian Saxons, Angles, and Vikings drove the faith to the fringes of the British Isles. The country was gradually re-converted from

GELDER SANS BOLD ITALIC 15/18

Apart from its intrinsic value as a remarkable survival of an ancient and astonishingly beautiful work of art, the manuscript displays a unique combination of artistic styles that reflects a crucial period in England's history. Christianity first came to Britain under the Romans, but subsequent waves of invasion by non-Christian Saxons, Angles, and Vikings drove the faith to the fringes of the British Isles. The country was gradually re-converted from 597, after St Augustine arrived from Rome to convert the pagan 'Angles into angels'. Religious differences between the indigenous 'Celtic' Church and the

GELDER SANS BOLD ITALIC 12/15

Apart from its intrinsic value as a remarkable survival of an ancient and astonishingly beautiful work of art, the manuscript displays a unique combination of artistic styles that reflects a crucial period in England's history. Christianity first came to Britain under the Romans, but subsequent waves of invasion by non-Christian Saxons, Angles, and Vikings drove the faith to the fringes of the British Isles. The country was gradually re-converted from 597, after St Augustine arrived from Rome to convert the pagan 'Angles into angels'. Religious differences between the indigenous 'Celtic' Church and the new 'Roman' Church were settled at the Synod of Whitby in 664. In the manuscript, native Celtic and Anglo-Saxon elements blend with Roman, Coptic and Eastern traditions to create a sublimely unified artistic vision of the cultural melting pot of Northumbria in the seventh and eighth centuries.



GELDER SANS EXTRABOLD 24/27

Apart from its intrinsic value as a remarkable survival of an ancient and astonishingly beautiful work of art, the manuscript displays a unique combination of artistic styles that reflects a crucial period in England's history. Christianity first came to Britain under the Romans, but subsequent waves of invasion by non-Christian Saxons, Angles, and Vikings drove the faith to the fringes of the British Isles.

GELDER SANS EXTRABOLD ITALIC 24/27

Apart from its intrinsic value as a remarkable survival of an ancient and astonishingly beautiful work of art, the manuscript displays a unique combination of artistic styles that reflects a crucial period in England's history. Christianity first came to Britain under the Romans, but subsequent waves of invasion by non-Christian Saxons, Angles, and Vikings drove the faith to the fringes of the British Isles.



GELDER SANS EXTRABOLD 18/21

Apart from its intrinsic value as a remarkable survival of an ancient and astonishingly beautiful work of art, the manuscript displays a unique combination of artistic styles that reflects a crucial period in England's history. Christianity first came to Britain under the Romans, but subsequent waves of invasion by non-Christian Saxons, Angles, and Vikings drove the faith to the fringes of the British Isles. The country was gradually re-converted from 597,

GELDER SANS EXTRABOLD 15/18

Apart from its intrinsic value as a remarkable survival of an ancient and astonishingly beautiful work of art, the manuscript displays a unique combination of artistic styles that reflects a crucial period in England's history. Christianity first came to Britain under the Romans, but subsequent waves of invasion by non-Christian Saxons, Angles, and Vikings drove the faith to the fringes of the British Isles. The country was gradually re-converted from 597, after St Augustine arrived from Rome to convert the pagan 'Angles into angels'. Religious differences between the indigenous 'Celtic' Church and the

GELDER SANS EXTRABOLD 12/15

Apart from its intrinsic value as a remarkable survival of an ancient and astonishingly beautiful work of art, the manuscript displays a unique combination of artistic styles that reflects a crucial period in England's history. Christianity first came to Britain under the Romans, but subsequent waves of invasion by non-Christian Saxons, Angles, and Vikings drove the faith to the fringes of the British Isles. The country was gradually re-converted from 597, after St Augustine arrived from Rome to convert the pagan 'Angles into angels'. Religious differences between the indigenous 'Celtic' Church and the new 'Roman' Church were settled at the Synod of Whitby in 664. In the manuscript, native Celtic and Anglo-Saxon elements blend with Roman, Coptic and Eastern traditions to create a sublimely unified artistic vision of the cultural melting pot of Northumbria in the seventh and eighth



GELDER SANS EXTRABOLD ITALIC 18/21

Apart from its intrinsic value as a remarkable survival of an ancient and astonishingly beautiful work of art, the manuscript displays a unique combination of artistic styles that reflects a crucial period in England's history. Christianity first came to Britain under the Romans, but subsequent waves of invasion by non-Christian Saxons, Angles, and Vikings drove the faith to the fringes of the British Isles. The country was gradually re-converted from

GELDER SANS EXTRABOLD ITALIC 15/18

Apart from its intrinsic value as a remarkable survival of an ancient and astonishingly beautiful work of art, the manuscript displays a unique combination of artistic styles that reflects a crucial period in England's history. Christianity first came to Britain under the Romans, but subsequent waves of invasion by non-Christian Saxons, Angles, and Vikings drove the faith to the fringes of the British Isles. The country was gradually re-converted from 597, after St Augustine arrived from Rome to convert the pagan 'Angles into angels'. Religious differences between the indigenous 'Celtic' Church and

GELDER SANS EXTRABOLD ITALIC 12/15

Apart from its intrinsic value as a remarkable survival of an ancient and astonishingly beautiful work of art, the manuscript displays a unique combination of artistic styles that reflects a crucial period in England's history. Christianity first came to Britain under the Romans, but subsequent waves of invasion by non-Christian Saxons, Angles, and Vikings drove the faith to the fringes of the British Isles. The country was gradually re-converted from 597, after St Augustine arrived from Rome to convert the pagan 'Angles into angels'. Religious differences between the indigenous 'Celtic' Church and the new 'Roman' Church were settled at the Synod of Whitby in 664. In the manuscript, native Celtic and Anglo-Saxon elements blend with Roman, Coptic and Eastern traditions to create a sublimely unified artistic vision of the cultural melting pot of Northumbria in the seventh and eighth



GELDER SANS BLACK 24/27

Apart from its intrinsic value as a remarkable survival of an ancient and astonishingly beautiful work of art, the manuscript displays a unique combination of artistic styles that reflects a crucial period in England's history. Christianity first came to Britain under the Romans, but subsequent waves of invasion by non-Christian Saxons, Angles, and Vikings drove the faith to the fringes of the British

GELDER SANS BLACK ITALIC 24/27

Apart from its intrinsic value as a remarkable survival of an ancient and astonishingly beautiful work of art, the manuscript displays a unique combination of artistic styles that reflects a crucial period in England's history. Christianity first came to Britain under the Romans, but subsequent waves of invasion by non-Christian Saxons, Angles, and Vikings drove the faith to the fringes



GELDER SANS BLACK 18/21

Apart from its intrinsic value as a remarkable survival of an ancient and astonishingly beautiful work of art, the manuscript displays a unique combination of artistic styles that reflects a crucial period in England's history. Christianity first came to Britain under the Romans, but subsequent waves of invasion by non-Christian Saxons, Angles, and Vikings drove the faith to the fringes of the British Isles. The country was gradually re-convert-

GELDER SANS BLACK 15/18

Apart from its intrinsic value as a remarkable survival of an ancient and astonishingly beautiful work of art, the manuscript displays a unique combination of artistic styles that reflects a crucial period in England's history. Christianity first came to Britain under the Romans, but subsequent waves of invasion by non-Christian Saxons, Angles, and Vikings drove the faith to the fringes of the British Isles. The country was gradually re-converted from 597, after St Augustine arrived from Rome to convert the pagan 'Angles into angels'. Religious differences between the indigenous 'Celtic' Church and

GELDER SANS BLACK 12/15

Apart from its intrinsic value as a remarkable survival of an ancient and astonishingly beautiful work of art, the manuscript displays a unique combination of artistic styles that reflects a crucial period in England's history. Christianity first came to Britain under the Romans, but subsequent waves of invasion by non-Christian Saxons, Angles, and Vikings drove the faith to the fringes of the British Isles. The country was gradually re-converted from 597, after St Augustine arrived from Rome to convert the pagan 'Angles into angels'. Religious differences between the indigenous 'Celtic' Church and the new 'Roman' Church were settled at the Synod of Whitby in 664. In the manuscript, native Celtic and Anglo-Saxon elements blend with Roman, Coptic and Eastern traditions to create a sublimely unified artistic vision of the cultural melting pot of Northumbria in the seventh and eighth



GELDER SANS BLACK ITALIC 18/21

Apart from its intrinsic value as a remarkable survival of an ancient and astonishingly beautiful work of art, the manuscript displays a unique combination of artistic styles that reflects a crucial period in England's history. Christianity first came to Britain under the Romans, but subsequent waves of invasion by non-Christian Saxons, Angles, and Vikings drove the faith to the fringes of the British Isles. The country was gradually

GELDER SANS BLACK ITALIC 15/18

Apart from its intrinsic value as a remarkable survival of an ancient and astonishingly beautiful work of art, the manuscript displays a unique combination of artistic styles that reflects a crucial period in England's history. Christianity first came to Britain under the Romans, but subsequent waves of invasion by non-Christian Saxons, Angles, and Vikings drove the faith to the fringes of the British Isles. The country was gradually re-converted from 597, after St Augustine arrived from Rome to convert the pagan 'Angles into angels'. Religious differences between the indigenous

GELDER SANS BLACK ITALIC 12/15

Apart from its intrinsic value as a remarkable survival of an ancient and astonishingly beautiful work of art, the manuscript displays a unique combination of artistic styles that reflects a crucial period in England's history. Christianity first came to Britain under the Romans, but subsequent waves of invasion by non-Christian Saxons, Angles, and Vikings drove the faith to the fringes of the British Isles. The country was gradually re-converted from 597, after St Augustine arrived from Rome to convert the pagan 'Angles into angels'. Religious differences between the indigenous 'Celtic' Church and the new 'Roman' Church were settled at the Synod of Whitby in 664. In the manuscript, native Celtic and Anglo-Saxon elements blend with Roman, Coptic and Eastern traditions to create a sublimely unified artistic vision of the cultural melting pot of Northumbria in the seventh and eighth



GELDER SANS THIN 10/12

Afgezien van de intrinsieke waarde als een opmerkelijke overleving van een oud en verbazingwekkend mooi kunstwerk, vertoont het manuscript een unieke combinatie van artistieke stijlen die een cruciale periode weerspiegelt in de geschiedenis van Engeland. Het christendom kwam voor het eerst naar Groot-Brittannië onder de Romeinen, maar de daaropvolgende golven van invasie doornietchristelijke Saksen, Angelen en Vikingen dreven het geloof naar de randen van de Britse eilanden. Het land werd geleidelijk opnieuw omgezet uit 597, nadat St. Augustinus uit Rome kwam om de heidense "Hoeken in engelen" te bekeren. Religieuze verschillen tussen de inheemse "Keltische" kerk en de nieuwe "Romeinse" kerk werden geregeld in

GELDER SANS THIN ITALIC 10/12

Afgezien van de intrinsieke waarde als een opmerkelijke overleving van een oud en verbazingwekkend mooi kunstwerk, vertoont het manuscript een unieke combinatie van artistieke stijlen die een cruciale periode weerspiegelt in de geschiedenis van Engeland. Het christendom kwam voor het eerst naar Groot-Brittannië onder de Romeinen, maar de daaropvolgende golven van invasie doornietchristelijke Saksen, Angelen en Vikingen dreven het geloof naar de randen van de Britse eilanden. Het land werd geleidelijk opnieuw omgezet uit 597, nadat St. Augustinus uit Rome kwam om de heidense "Hoeken in engelen" te bekeren. Religieuze verschillen tussen de inheemse "Keltische" kerk en de nieuwe "Ro-

GELDER SANS LIGHT 10/12 POLISH

Oprócz swojej nieodłącznej wartości jako niezwykłego przetrwania starożytnego i zadziwiająco pięknego dzieła sztuki, rękopis przedstawia unikalne połączenie stylów artystycznych, które odzwierciedlają kluczowy okres w historii Anglii. Chrześcijaństwo po raz pierwszy przybyło do Wielkiej Brytanii pod rządami Rzymian, ale kolejne fale inwazji w niechrześcijańscy Saksoni, Anglicy i Wikingowie doprowadzili wiarę do granic Wysp Brytyjskich. Kraj został stopniowo przebudowany z 597 roku, po tym jak św. Augustyn przybył z Rzymu, by nawrócić pogańskie "kąty na anioły". Różnice religijne między rdzennym "celtyckim" kościołem i nowym "rzymskim" kościołem zostały ustalone na synodzie w Whitby w roku 664.

GELDER SANS LIGHT ITALIC 10/12

Oprócz swojej nieodłącznej wartości jako niezwykłego przetrwania starożytnego i zadziwiająco pięknego dzieła sztuki, rękopis przedstawia unikalne połączenie stylów artystycznych, które odzwierciedlają kluczowy okres w historii Anglii. Chrześcijaństwo po raz pierwszy przybyło do Wielkiej Brytanii pod rządami Rzymian, ale kolejne fale inwazji w niechrześcijańscy Saksoni, Anglicy i Wikingowie doprowadzili wiarę do granic Wysp Brytyjskich. Kraj został stopniowo przebudowany z 597 roku, po tym jak św. Augustyn przybył z Rzymu, by nawrócić pogańskie "kąty na anioły". Różnice religijne między rdzennym "celtyckim" kościołem i nowym "rzymskim" kościołem zostały ustalone na synodzie w Whitby

GELDER SANS BOOK 10/12

Muinaisen ja hämmästyttävän kauniin taideteoksen merkittävän eloonjäämisen lisäksi sen
käsikirjoituksella on ainutlaatuinen taiteellisten
tyylien yhdistelmä, joka heijastaa ratkaisevaa
ajanjaksoa Englannin historiassa. Kristinusko
tuli ensin Ison Britannian roomalaisille, mutta
alistumaton aallot hyökkäävät eikristilliset saksit,
kulmat ja viikingit ajoivat uskontoa British Islesin
reunaviivoihin. Maa muuttui asteittain 597: stä
sen jälkeen, kun St Augustine saapui Roomasta muuttamaan pakanalliset "kulmat enkeliksi".
Alkuperäiskansojen "keltti" kirkon ja uuden
"roomalaisen" kirkon väliset uskonnolliset erot
ratkaistiin Whitbyin synodissa 664. Käsikirjoituksessa syntyvät kelttiläiset ja anglosaksiset

GELDER SANS BOOK ITALIC 10/12 FINNISH

Muinaisen ja hämmästyttävän kauniin taideteoksen merkittävän eloonjäämisen lisäksi sen käsikirjoituksella on ainutlaatuinen taiteellisten tyylien yhdistelmä, joka heijastaa ratkaisevaa ajanjaksoa Englannin historiassa. Kristinusko tuli ensin Ison Britannian roomalaisille, mutta alistumaton aallot hyökkäävät eikristilliset saksit, kulmat ja viikingit ajoivat uskontoa British Islesin reunaviivoihin. Maa muuttui asteittain 597: stä sen jälkeen, kun St Augustine saapui Roomasta muuttamaan pakanalliset "kulmat enkeliksi". Alkuperäiskansojen "keltti" kirkon ja uuden "roomalaisen" kirkon väliset uskonnolliset erot ratkaistiin Whitbyin synodissa 664. Käsikirjoituksessa syntyvät kelttiläiset ja anglosaksiset



GELDER SANS REGULAR 10/12 ITALIAN

Oltre al suo valore intrinseco come notevole sopravvivenza di un'opera d'arte antica e sorprendentemente bella, il manoscritto mostra una combinazione unica di stili artistici che riflette un periodo cruciale nella storia dell'Inghilterra. Il cristianesimo venne per la prima volta in Gran Bretagna sotto i Romani, ma in seguito le successive ondate di invasione sassoni, angoli e vichinghi non cristiani guidarono la fede ai margini delle isole britanniche. Il paese fu gradualmente riconvertito dal 597, dopo che Sant'Agostino arrivò da Roma per convertire gli «Angeli in angeli» pagani. Le divergenze religiose tra la Chiesa celtica indigena e la nuova chiesa «romana» furono stabilite nel Sinodo di

GELDER SANS REGULAR ITALIC 10/12

Oltre al suo valore intrinseco come notevole sopravvivenza di un'opera d'arte antica e sorprendentemente bella, il manoscritto mostra una combinazione unica di stili artistici che riflette un periodo cruciale nella storia dell'Inghilterra. Il cristianesimo venne per la prima volta in Gran Bretagna sotto i Romani, ma in seguito le successive ondate di invasione sassoni, angoli e vichinghi non cristiani guidarono la fede ai margini delle isole britanniche. Il paese fu gradualmente riconvertito dal 597, dopo che Sant'Agostino arrivò da Roma per convertire gli «Angeli in angeli» pagani. Le divergenze religiose tra la Chiesa celtica indigena e la nuova chiesa «romana» furono stabilite nel Sinodo di

GELDER SANS MEDIUM 10/12

Kromě své skutečné hodnoty jako pozoruhodného přežití starobylého a úžasně krásného uměleckého díla, rukopis zobrazuje jedinečnou kombinaci uměleckých stylů, které odrážejí rozhodující období historie Anglie. Křesťanství nejprve přišlo do Británie pod Římany, ale následné vlny invaze nekřesťanští sasové, Angle a Vikingové vedli víru k okraji Britských ostrovů. Země byla postupně přeměněnaz roku 597, po příjezdu svatého Augustína z Říma, aby převedli pohanské Angely do andělů. Náboženské rozdíly mezi domorodou "keltskou" církví a novou "římskou" církví byly řešeny na synodu Whitby v roce 664. V rukopisu se rodné keltské a anglosaské elementy mísí s římskými,

GELDER SANS MEDIUM ITALIC 10/12

Kromě své skutečné hodnoty jako pozoruhodného přežití starobylého a úžasně krásného uměleckého díla, rukopis zobrazuje jedinečnou kombinaci uměleckých stylů, které odrážejí rozhodující období historie Anglie. Křesťanství nejprve přišlo do Británie pod Římany, ale následné vlny invaze nekřesťanští sasové, Angle a Vikingové vedli víru k okraji Britských ostrovů. Země byla postupně přeměněnaz roku 597, po příjezdu svatého Augustína z Říma, aby převedli pohanské Angely do andělů. Náboženské rozdíly mezi domorodou "keltskou" církví a novou "římskou" církví byly řešeny na synodu Whitby v roce 664. V rukopisu se rodné keltské a anglosaské elementy mísí s římskými, koptic-

GELDER SANS BOLD 10/12

En plus de sa valeur intrinsèque en tant que survie remarquable d'une œuvre d'art ancienne et étonnamment belle, le manuscrit présente une combinaison unique de styles artistiques qui reflète une période cruciale de l'histoire de l'Angleterre. Le christianisme est d'abord venu en Grande-Bretagne sous les Romains, mais des vagues d'invasion par la suite Les Saxons, les Angles et les Vikings non chrétiens ont conduit la foi aux confins des îles Britanniques. Le pays a été progressivement reconverti à partir de 597, après l'arrivée de Saint Augustin de Rome pour convertir les 'païens Angles en anges'. Les différences religieuses entre l'église «celtique» autochtone et

GELDER SANS BOLD ITALIC 10/12 FRENCH

En plus de sa valeur intrinsèque en tant que survie remarquable d'une œuvre d'art ancienne et étonnamment belle, le manuscrit présente une combinaison unique de styles artistiques qui reflète une période cruciale de l'histoire de l'Angleterre. Le christianisme est d'abord venu en Grande-Bretagne sous les Romains, mais des vagues d'invasion par la suite Les Saxons, les Angles et les Vikings non chrétiens ont conduit la foi aux confins des îles Britanniques. Le pays a été progressivement reconverti à partir de 597, après l'arrivée de Saint Augustin de Rome pour convertir les 'païens Angles en anges'. Les différences religieuses entre l'église «celtique» autochtone



GELDER SANS EXTRABOLD 10/12

Además de su valor intrínseco como una notable supervivencia de una obra de arte antigua y sorprendentemente hermosa, el manuscrito muestra una combinación única de estilos artísticos que refleja un período crucial en la historia de Inglaterra. El cristianismo llegó por primera vez a Gran Bretaña bajo los romanos, pero subsiguientes oleadas de invasión de Los sajones, ángeles y vikingos no cristianos llevaron la fe a los límites de las islas británicas. El país fue reconvertido gradualmente desde 597, después de que San Agustín llegó de Roma para convertir los «ángulos en ángeles» paganos. Las diferencias religiosas entre la iglesia indígena 'celta' y la

GELDER SANS EXTRABOLD ITALIC 10/12

Además de su valor intrínseco como una notable supervivencia de una obra de arte antigua y sorprendentemente hermosa, el manuscrito muestra una combinación única de estilos artísticos que refleja un período crucial en la historia de Inglaterra. El cristianismo llegó por primera vez a Gran Bretaña bajo los romanos, pero subsiguientes oleadas de invasión de Los sajones, ángeles y vikingos no cristianos llevaron la fe a los límites de las islas británicas. El país fue reconvertido gradualmente desde 597, después de que San Agustín llegó de Roma para convertir los «ángulos en ángeles» paganos. Las diferencias religiosas entre la iglesia indígena

GELDER SANS BLACK 10/12

Bortset fra dets egenværdi som en bemærkelsesværdig overlevelse af et gammelt og forbavsende smukke kunstværk, visermanuskriptet en unik kombination af kunstneriske stilarter, der afspejler en afgørende periode i Englands historie. Kristendommen kom først til Storbritannien under romerne, men efterfølgende invasion bølger af ikkekristne saxer, vinkler og vikinger kørte troen til de britiske øers kant. Landet var gradvis omdannet fra 597, efter at St. Augustine ankom fra Rom for at omdanne de hedenske »Vinkler til engle«. Religiøse forskelle mellem den indfødte »keltiske« kirke og den nye »romerske kirke« blev afgjort ved synodeGELDER SANS BLACK ITALIC 10/12

Bortset fra dets egenværdi som en bemærkelsesværdig overlevelse af et gammelt og forbavsende smukke kunstværk, visermanuskriptet en unik kombination af kunstneriske stilarter, der afspejler en afgørende periode i Englands historie. Kristendommen kom først til Storbritannien under romerne, men efterfølgende invasion bølger af ikkekristne saxer, vinkler og vikinger kørte troen til de britiske øers kant. Landet var gradvis omdannet fra 597, efter at St. Augustine ankom fra Rom for at omdanne de hedenske »Vinkler til engle«. Religiøse forskelle mellem den indfødte »keltiske« kirke og den nye »romerske kirke« blev afgjort ved synode-



FULL GLYPH SET AND OPENTYPE FEATURES

UPPERCASE

ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ

LOWERCASE

abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz

SMALL CAPITALS

ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ

ACCENTED UPPERCASE

ACCENTED LOWERCASE

ACCENTED SMALL CAPITALS

PUNCTUATION

.,:;...!;?¿·•#/\(){}[]@&¶§†‡%%«»‹>---__,,,""'''*

CURRENCY, MATH & SYMBOLS

£ € ₺ ₹ ¥ \$ ¢ + - × ÷ = ≠ > < ≥ ≤ ± ≈ ~ ^ | ¦ © ® ™ ° ↑ ↑ → → ↓ ↓ ∠ ← 凡 ↔ \$

LOCALISED FORMS

ÚűŞŢşţ



FULL GLYPH SET AND OPENTYPE FEATURES

PROPORTIONAL LINING FIGURES

N0123456789

PROPORTIONAL OLDSTYLE FIGURES

No123456789

TABULAR LINING FIGURES

N0123456789

TABULAR OLDSTYLE FIGURES

No123456789

CASE-SENSITIVE FIGURES

N0123456789

NUMERATORS

0123456789

DENOMINATORS

No123456789

SUPERSCRIPT

N 0123456789

SUBSCRIPT

N₀₁₂₃₄₅₆₇₈₉

FRACTIONS

1/2 1/3 2/3 1/4 3/4 1/5 1/6 1/7 1/8 3/8 5/8 7/8 1/9 1/10

ORDINALS

Noao

CASE-SENSITIVE FORMS

iċ---(){}[]«»↔

STANDARD LIGATURES

ff ffi ffl fi fl

DISCRETIONARY LIGATURES

ch ct fb fh fj ffj fk st

STYLISTIC SET 1: UPPERCASE I

I Ì Í Î Ï Ĩ Ī Į İ Š Ï İ Į I J

STYLISTIC SET 2: UPPERCASE M

ΜM

STYLISTIC SET 3: UPPERCASE Q

Q

STYLISTIC SET 4: UPPERCASE R

R

STYLISTIC SET 5: LOWERCASE a

a à á â ã ä å ā ă a å ā a ậ

STYLISTIC SET 6: LOWERCASE e

eèéëëēĕeęěçeê

STYLISTIC SET 7: LOWERCASE g

gĝġġģġ

STYLISTIC SET 8: LOWERCASE I

lĺlľŀłļļ

STYLISTIC SET 9: LOWERCASE y

yýÿŷỳy,ỷỹ



OPENTYPE FEATURES DEACTIVATED

OPENTYPE FEATURES ACTIVATED

PROPORTIONAL LINING FIGURES

7 Feb 1812–9 June 1870

PROPORTIONAL OLDSTYLE FIGURES

7 Feb 1812-9 June 1870

TABULAR LINING FIGURES

£140,539.00

TABULAR OLDSTYLE FIGURES

07.10.2025

NUMERATORS & DENOMINATORS

 $X987 \times Y654 + Z321 = A0$

SUPERSCRIPT

Index1, Index2, Index3

SUBSCRIPT

C12H22O11

FRACTIONS (PRE-BUILT & ARBITRARY)

1/2 Cup · 154 78/136

ORDINALS

10, primo; 1a, prima, No3

SMALL CAPITALS

ENGLAND, UK

CASE-SENSITIVE FORMS

¡HOLA! (A1-B2-C3)

STANDARD LIGATURES

flight suffix

DISCRETIONARY LIGATURES

facts and stats

PROPORTIONAL LINING FIGURES

7 Feb 1812-9 June 1870

PROPORTIONAL OLDSTYLE FIGURES

7 Feb 1812-9 June 1870

TABULAR LINING FIGURES

£140,539.00

TABULAR OLDSTYLE FIGURES

07.10.2025

NUMERATORS & DENOMINATORS

 $X^{987} \times Y^{654} + Z_{321} = A_0$

SUPERSCRIPT

Index¹, Index², Index³

SUBSCRIPT

C₁₂H₂₂O₁₁

FRACTIONS (PRE-BUILT & ARBITRARY)

1/2 Cup · 154 ⁷⁸/₁₃₆

ORDINALS

1º, primo; 1ª, prima, №3

SMALL CAPITALS

ENGLAND, UK

CASE-SENSITIVE FORMS

iHOLA! (A1-B2-C3)

STANDARD LIGATURES

flight suffix

DISCRETIONARY LIGATURES

fact and stats





OPENTYPE FEATURES DEACTIVATED

OPENTYPE FEATURES ACTIVATED

STYLISTIC SET 1: UPPERCASE I

INSPIRING

STYLISTIC SET 2: UPPERCASE M

MOMENTUM

STYLISTIC SET 3: UPPERCASE Q

QUIETLY

STYLISTIC SET 4: UPPERCASE R

REMARKABLE

STYLISTIC SET 5: LOWERCASE a

abracadabra

STYLISTIC SET 6: LOWERCASE e

experiment

STYLISTIC SET 7: LOWERCASE g

geographical

STYLISTIC SET 8: LOWERCASE I

lollipop

STYLISTIC SET 9: LOWERCASE y

yottabytes

STYLISTIC SET 1: UPPERCASE I

INSPIRING

STYLISTIC SET 2: UPPERCASE M

MOMENTUM

STYLISTIC SET 3: UPPERCASE Q

QUIETLY

STYLISTIC SET 4: UPPERCASE R

REMARKABLE

STYLISTIC SET 5: LOWERCASE a

abracadabra

STYLISTIC SET 6: LOWERCASE e

experiment

STYLISTIC SET 7: LOWERCASE g

geographical

STYLISTIC SET 8: LOWERCASE I

lollipop

STYLISTIC SET 9: LOWERCASE y

yottabytes



CONTACT

THE NORTHERN BLOCK 2 DILSTON WEST CORBRIDGE NORTHUMBERLAND NE45 5RL UNITED KINGDOM

EMAIL

INFO@THENORTHERNBLOCK.CO.UK

WEB

WWW.THENORTHERNBLOCK.CO.UK

LICENSING

WWW.THENORTHERNBLOCK.CO.UK/LICENSING

FULL EULA LICENSE

WWW.THENORTHERNBLOCK.CO.UK/STANDARD-LICENSE-AGREEMENT

RELEASED

2011 (V1.0), 2024 (V2.0)

DESIGNER

JONATHAN HILL

FOUNDRY

THE NORTHERN BLOCK LTD

FORMATS

OTF, TTF, WOFF, WOFF 2

COMPLETE FAMILY

GELDER SANS THIN GELDER SANS THIN ITALIC GELDER SANS LIGHT GELDER SANS LIGHT ITALIC GELDER SANS BOOK GELDER SANS BOOK ITALIC GELDER SANS REGULAR GELDER SANS REGULAR ITALIC GELDER SANS MEDIUM GELDER SANS MEDIUM ITALIC GELDER SANS BOLD GELDER SANS BOLD ITALIC GELDER SANS EXTRABOLD GELDER SANS EXTRABOLD ITALIC GELDER SANS BLACK GELDER SANS BLACK ITALIC

SUPPORTED LANGUAGES

AFRIKAANS, ALBANIAN, ASTURIAN, ASU, BASQUE, BEMBA, BENA, BOSNIAN, CATALAN, CEBUANO, CHIGA, COLOGNIAN, CORNISH, CORSICAN, CROATIAN, CZECH, DANISH, DUTCH, EMBU, ENGLISH, ESPERANTO, ESTONIAN, FAROESE, FILIPINO, FINNISH, FRENCH, FRIULIAN, GALICIAN, GANDA, GERMAN, GUSII, HUNGARIAN, ICELANDIC, IDO, IGBO, INARI SAMI, INDONESIAN, INTERLINGUA, IRISH, ITALIAN, JAVANESE, JJU, JOLA-FONYI, KABUVERDIANU, KALAALLISUT, KALENJIN, KAMBA, KIKUYU, KINYARWANDA, KURDISH, LATVIAN, LITHUANIAN, LOJBAN, LOW GERMAN, LOWER SORBIAN, LUO, LUXEMBOURGISH, LUYIA, MACHAME, MAKHUWA-MEETTO, MAKONDE, MALAGASY, MALAY, MALTESE, MANX, MĀORI, MERU, MORISYEN, NIGERIAN PIDGIN, NORTH NDEBELE, NORTHERN SAMI, NORTHERN SOTHO, NORWEGIAN BOKMÅL, NORWEGIAN NYNORSK, NYANJA, NYANKOLE, OCCITAN, OROMO, POLISH, PORTUGUESE, ROMANIAN, ROMANSH, ROMBO, RUNDI, RWA, SAMBURU, SANGO, SANGU, SARDINIAN, SCOTTISH GAELIC, SENA, SHAMBALA, SHONA, SICILIAN, SLOVAK, SLOVENIAN, SOGA, SOMALI, SOUTH NDEBELE, SOUTHERN SOTHO, SPANISH, SUNDANESE, SWAHILI, SWATI, SWEDISH, SWISS GERMAN, TAITA, TAROKO, TESO, TSONGA, TSWANA, TURKISH, TURKMEN, TYAP, UPPER SORBIAN, VENDA, VIETNAMESE, VUNJO, WALLOON, WALSER, WELSH, WESTERN FRISIAN, WOLOF, XHOSA, ZULU

© THE NORTHERN BLOCK 2025

GELDER SANSTM IS A TRADEMARK OF THE NORTHERN BLOCK LTD. COMPANY REG NUMBER 08170670.